

Chuuk

PREL

Fóósun Chuuk

Giant Swamp Taro
Cyrtosperma merkusii

English	Fóósun Chuuk (Chuukese)	"Sounds Like..." pronunciation guide
Hello	Ráán ánnim	R/ÆN ¹²³ ÆN-nim
Good morning	Neesor ánnim	NEH-sor ÆN-nim
Good afternoon	Nóóónowás ánnim	NAW ⁴ -daw ⁵ -wahs ÆN-nim
Good evening	Nekkunión ánnim / Neefaf ánnim	NEHK-coo-nee-yawn ÆN-nim NEH-fahf ⁶ ÆN-nim
Good night	Neepwong ánnim	NEH-pwong ⁷⁸ ÆN-nim
Thank you	Kinissow	kitty-SSOW ⁹
You're welcome	Kote pwan áfánni	co-teh pwahn æ-FÆN-nee
Goodbye	Kene nnómw (said by the person leaving to the person staying) Kene nó (said by the person staying to the person leaving)	keh-deh NNAWM keh-DEH daw
My name is __[insert name]__	Itei __[insert name]__	ee-TAY
What is your name?	Ifa itomw?	ee-FAH ee-tawm
Yes	Ewer	EH-wehr
No	Aapw	AHPW

Phase 1 and Phase 2 reviewers: Southern Weno Dialect

¹ The syllables that are all capitalized represent the syllables with more emphasis (i.e., pronounce them a little bit louder or longer)

² Roll all the [r]'s

³ The [Æ] and [æ] symbol represents the sound like the [a] of English *apple* or *fan*

⁴ The [-aw] rhymes with English *law* or *saw*

⁵ Pronounce all the [D]'s and [d]'s like the "tt" sequence of English *kitty* or *butter*

⁶ The [ah] is like the Chicago dialect pronunciation of words like *car* and *Chicago*

⁷ The [pw] is pronounced similarly to the "pw" sequence of the English word *upward*

⁸ The [ng] represents the nasal sound made with the back of the tongue touching the soft palate, like the "ng" of English *sing*

⁹ Double consonants in the pronunciation guide means hold out the consonant longer